

# MANCHESTER CREDIT UNION LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

Registration No. 235C

### **CREDIT UNION INFORMATION**

FCA number

235C

**Directors** 

P Mitchell B James J Lee C Moore M Suringar R Rosewell D Bodey A McBeath

Secretary

M Suringar

Registered office

24 Queen Street Manchester M2 5HX

Auditor

Alexander Sloan

180 St Vincent Street

Glasgow G2 5SG

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

The Directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2019.

#### Principal activity

The principal activity of the credit union continued to be that defined in the Credit Union Act 1979. The Credit Union's common bond covers everyone who resides or is employed in the City of Manchester, or the metropolitan boroughs of Rochdale, Tameside, Trafford, Stockport, Bury and the High Peak.

The credit union is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

#### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

#### Fair review of the business

The accounts show the results for the year's activities for the combined operations.

The surplus for the year, after taxation, amounted to £431,152 (2018 - £402,279). Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 4 to the financial statements.

#### **Directors**

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

P Mitchell

B James

J Lee

C Moore

M Suringar

R Rosewell

D Bodey

A McBeath

#### Compliance statement

Under the Prudential Regulation Authority rulebook the Board of Directors must report to the members at the Annual General Meeting on certain areas of compliance within the credit union. The credit union is therefore pleased to report that during the year the credit union has been in compliance with:

Depositor Protection Rules 11, 12, 14 and the requirements of rule 15 that relate to rule 11; and

PRA Credit Union Rule 2.10 (fidelity bond insurance requirements); and:

The requirements of compliance under the PRA "additional activities".

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The main financial risks of the credit union are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### Statement of Directors responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Legislation requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under the Credit Union Act 1979 and the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the credit union and of the surplus or deficit of the credit union for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- · state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- · prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the credit union will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the credit union's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the credit union and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Credit Union Act 1979 and the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the credit union and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a Director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the credit union's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the Directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the credit union's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Auditor

A resolution for the re-appointment of Alexander Sloan as auditors of the credit union is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

P Mitchell
Chairman
Date: 28/1/20

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF MANCHESTER CREDIT UNION LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Manchester Credit Union Limited (the 'credit union') for the year ended 30 September 2019 which comprise the revenue account, the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the credit union's affairs as at 30 September 2019 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Credit Union Act 1979 and the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the credit union in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the credit union's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF MANCHESTER CREDIT UNION LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper books of account have not been kept by the credit union in accordance with the requirements of the legislation; or
- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been kept by the credit union in accordance with the requirements of the legislation; or
- the Revenue Account and Balance Sheet are not in agreement with the books of account of the credit union;
   or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the credit union's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the credit union or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

This report is made solely to the credit union's members, as a body, in accordance with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the credit union's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the credit union and the credit union's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Alexander Sloan Accountants and Business Advisers Statutory Auditor

180 St Vincent Street Glasgow G2 5SG

# REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
	2	0.405.000	1 579 756
Loan interest receivable and similar income	3	2,185,020	1,578,756 (39,633)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(115,420)	(39,033)
Net interest receivable		2,069,600	1,539,123
Not interest receivable			
Fees and commissions receivable	5	7,861	5,369
Fees and commissions payable	6	(6,047)	(2,389)
•		, <del></del>	
Net fees and commissions		1,814	2,980
		83	(
Other operating income	7	4,957	105,938
Administrative expenses	8	(872,406)	(644,668)
Depreciation and amortisation		(10,173)	(15,151)
Other operating expenses	9	(82,277)	(56,373)
Impairment on loans for bad and doubtful debts	15	(680,130)	(529,308)
Surplus before taxation		431,385	402,541
Corporation tax	12	(233)	(262)
Surplus for the year		431,152	402,279

The Revenue Account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

	2040	2040
	2019 £	2018 £
Surplus for the year	431,152	402,279
Other comprehensive income		<del>-</del> ->
Total comprehensive income for the year	431,152	402,279

### **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
Assets			
Cash and balances at central banks	13	310	310
Loans and advances to banks	13	2,414,491	692,979
Loans and advances to customers	14	8,777,324	7,701,341
Tangible assets	16	36,872	24,030
Prepayments		63,251	35,808
Total assets		11,292,248	8,454,468
Liabilities and reserves			
Customer accounts	17	9,387,752	6,762,461
Other liabilities	18	259,989	478,652
		9,647,741	7,241,113
General reserve	25	1,644,507	1,213,355
Total reserves	25	1,644,507	1,213,355
Total liabilities and reserves		11,292,248	8,454,468

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P<sup>f</sup>Mitchell Chairman

B James Director

M Suringar Secretary

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

	Growth	General	
	Fund Reserve	Reserve	Total
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 October 2017	731,455	79,621	811,076
Year ended 30 September 2018:			
Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year	9 <b>4</b>	402,279	402,279
Other movements	(731,455)	731,455	\$ <u>-</u> 2
Balance at 30 September 2018	10.Th	1,213,355	1,213,355
Year ended 30 September 2019:			
Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year	-	431,152	431,152
Balance at 30 September 2019	A <del>rrento de la comunicación de l</del>	1,644,507	1,644,507
99			

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

Surplus for the period Depreciation and amortisation 10 10,173 15,151 262 233 262 279 24,5279 262 279 263 262 279 263 263 262 279 263 263 262 279 279 279 279 279 279 279 279 279 27						
Cash flows from operating activities         431,152         402,279           Surplus for the period Depreciation and amortisation         10         10,173         15,151           Corporation tax expenses         12         233         262           Provision movement         15         680,130         571,568           Interest income on loans         3         (2,183,794)         (1,577,381)           Distribution on members shares         4         92,757         24,666           Working capital adjustments           Change in other receivables and prepayments         (27,443)         54,887           Change in other liabilities         81,104         15,057           Change in other liabilities         81,104         15,057           Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities         (27,443)         54,887           Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities         2,366,1         69,944           Customer balance cash movement         2,532,534         1,239,339           Movement on funds on deposit         13         -         2,960,215         233,201           Corporation tax paid         2,960,215         233,201         (2,980)           Net cash flow from operating activities         <						4777243333
Surplus for the period   431,152   402,279		Notes	£	£	£	£
Depreciation and amortisation 10 10,173 15,151 Corporation tax expenses 12 233 262 2757 24,666 Interest income on loans 3 (2,183,794) (1,577,381) Distribution on members shares 4 92,757 24,666 (1,400,501) (965,734) (1,577,381) Distribution on members shares 4 92,757 24,666 (1,400,501) (965,734) (1,500,501) (965,734) (1,500,501)	Cash flows from operating activities					
Corporation tax expenses   12   233   262	Surplus for the period			431,152		402,279
Provision movement 15 680,130 571,568 Interest income on loans 3 (2,183,794) (1,577,381) Distribution on members shares 4 92,757 24,666  Working capital adjustments Change in other receivables and prepayments (27,443) 54,887 Change in other liabilities 81,104 15,057  Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities 2,325,34 1,239,339 Movement on funds on deposit 13 - 708,143  Corporation tax paid 2,960,215 233,201 Corporation tax paid 2,960,215 233,201 Corporation tax paid 2,044,527 (263,290) Investing activities 2,044,527 (263,290) Investing activities (23,015) (4,753) Net cash used in investing activities (300,000) 400,000 Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	Depreciation and amortisation					
Interest income on loans   3	The state of the s					
Distribution on members shares 4 92,757 24,666  (1,400,501) (965,734)  Working capital adjustments Change in other receivables and prepayments (27,443) 54,887 Change in other liabilities 81,104 15,057  Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities Loan repayments less loans advanced 14 427,681 (1,714,281) Customer balance cash movement 2,532,534 1,239,339 Movement on funds on deposit 13 2,960,215 233,201 Corporation tax paid 2,960,215 233,201 Corporation tax paid 2,044,527 (263,290) Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets 16 (23,015) (4,753)  Net cash used in investing activities (23,015) (4,753)  Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332					4 BB 시간	
(1,400,501) (965,734   Working capital adjustments   (27,443)   54,887   (27,443)   54,887   (27,443)   53,661   (27,443)   (27,481)   (27,48	Interest income on loans	3	98 98		20	
Working capital adjustments           Change in other receivables and prepayments         (27,443)         54,887           Change in other liabilities         81,104         15,057           53,661         69,944           Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities           Loan repayments less loans advanced         14         427,681         (1,714,281)           Customer balance cash movement         2,532,534         1,239,339           Movement on funds on deposit         13         -         708,143           Corporation tax paid         2,960,215         233,201         (2,980,215           Net cash flow from operating activities         2,044,527         (263,290,201)           Investing activities         2,044,527         (263,290,201)           Investing activities         (23,015)         (4,753)           Net cash used in investing activities         (23,015)         (4,753)           Net debt         (300,000)         400,000           Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities         (300,000)         400,000           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         1,721,512         131,957           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         688,289         556,332	Distribution on members shares	4	92,757		24,666	
Working capital adjustments           Change in other receivables and prepayments         (27,443)         54,887           Change in other liabilities         81,104         15,057           53,661         69,944           Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities           Loan repayments less loans advanced         14         427,681         (1,714,281)           Customer balance cash movement         2,532,534         1,239,339           Movement on funds on deposit         13         -         708,143           Corporation tax paid         2,960,215         233,201         (2,980,215           Net cash flow from operating activities         2,044,527         (263,290,201)           Investing activities         2,044,527         (263,290,201)           Investing activities         (23,015)         (4,753)           Net cash used in investing activities         (23,015)         (4,753)           Net debt         (300,000)         400,000           Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities         (300,000)         400,000           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         1,721,512         131,957           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         688,289         556,332				(1 400 501)	: <del></del> :	(065 734
Change in other receivables and prepayments         (27,443)         54,887           Change in other liabilities         81,104         15,057           53,661         69,944           Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities         14         427,681         (1,714,281)           Customer balance cash movement         2,532,534         1,239,339           Movement on funds on deposit         13         -         708,143           Corporation tax paid         2,960,215         233,201           Corporation tax paid         2,044,527         (263,290)           Investing activities         2,044,527         (263,290)           Investing activities         (23,015)         (4,753)           Net cash used in investing activities         (23,015)         (4,753)           Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings         (300,000)         400,000           Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities         (300,000)         400,000           Net increase in cash and cash equivalents         1,721,512         131,957           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         688,289         556,332	Working capital adjustments			(1,400,501)		(303,734)
Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities   Sasets and liabilities   Coash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities   Coash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities   Coash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities   Coash movement   Coash flows from changes in operating   Coast flows from changes in operating   Coast flows from operating   Coast flows from operating   Coast flows from operating activities   Coash flow from operating activities   Coash flow from operating activities   Coash flow from operating activities   Coash flows flow						
Change in other liabilities			(27,443)		54,887	
Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities  Loan repayments less loans advanced 14 427,681 (1,714,281) Customer balance cash movement 2,532,534 1,239,339 Movement on funds on deposit 13 - 708,143  Corporation tax paid - 2,960,215 233,201 Corporation tax paid - 2,960,215 (2,980)  Net cash flow from operating activities 2,044,527 (263,290)  Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets 16 (23,015) (4,753)  Net cash used in investing activities (23,015) (4,753)  Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	\$20,000 for \$100 for				700 TAN 200 TAN 200 TAN	
Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities  Loan repayments less loans advanced 14 427,681 (1,714,281) Customer balance cash movement 2,532,534 1,239,339 Movement on funds on deposit 13 - 708,143  Corporation tax paid - (2,980)  Net cash flow from operating activities 2,044,527 (263,290)  Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets 16 (23,015) (4,753)  Net cash used in investing activities (23,015) (4,753)  Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332			1 <del>-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-</del>			
Assets and liabilities   Loan repayments less loans advanced   14   427,681   (1,714,281)   (1,714,281)   (2,532,534   1,239,339   (2,980,215   2,960,215   2,960,215   (2,980,215   2,980,215   2,980,215   (2,980,215   2,980,215   2,980,215   (2,980,215   2,980,215   (2,980,215   2,980,215   (2,980,215   2,980,215   (2,980,215   2,980,215   (2,980,215   2,980,215   (2,980,215				53,661		69,944
Assets and liabilities   Loan repayments less loans advanced   14   427,681   (1,714,281)   (1,714,281)   (2,532,534   1,239,339   (2,980,215   233,201   (2,980)						
Customer balance cash movement Movement on funds on deposit       2,532,534       1,239,339         Movement on funds on deposit       13       -       708,143         2,960,215       233,201       (2,980         Net cash flow from operating activities       2,044,527       (263,290         Investing activities       (23,015)       (4,753)         Purchase of tangible fixed assets       16       (23,015)       (4,753)         Net cash used in investing activities       (23,015)       (4,753)         Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings       (300,000)       400,000         Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities       (300,000)       400,000         Net increase in cash and cash equivalents       1,721,512       131,957         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       688,289       556,332	Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Movement on funds on deposit  13  - 708,143  2,960,215  233,201  (2,980)  Net cash flow from operating activities  2,044,527  (263,290)  Investing activities  Purchase of tangible fixed assets  16  (23,015)  Net cash used in investing activities  (23,015)  (4,753)  Net debt  Repayment/receipt of borrowings  (300,000)  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities  (300,000)  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  1,721,512  131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  688,289  556,332	Loan repayments less loans advanced	14	427,681		(1,714,281)	
2,960,215   233,201   (2,980)	Customer balance cash movement		2,532,534		1,239,339	
Net cash flow from operating activities  Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets  Purchase of tangible fixed assets  Net cash used in investing activities  Repayment/receipt of borrowings  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities  (300,000)  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  (2,980)  (263,290)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (500,000)  (700,000)	Movement on funds on deposit	13	8 <del>7</del> 9		708,143	
Net cash flow from operating activities  Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets  Purchase of tangible fixed assets  Net cash used in investing activities  Repayment/receipt of borrowings  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities  (300,000)  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  (2,980)  (263,290)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (500,000)  (700,000)			B <del></del> E	2.000.245		222 204
Net cash flow from operating activities  Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets  Purchase of tangible fixed assets  Net cash used in investing activities  Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities  (300,000)  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  (300,000)  1,721,512  131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  (263,290)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (4,753)  (500,000)  (500,000)  (7	Company to a sid			2,960,215		
Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets 16 (23,015) (4,753)  Net cash used in investing activities (23,015) (4,753)  Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	Corporation tax paid			<del>-</del>		(2,980)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets  16 (23,015) (4,753)  Net cash used in investing activities (23,015) (4,753)  Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	Net cash flow from operating activities			2,044,527		(263,290)
Net cash used in investing activities (23,015) (4,753)  Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	Investing activities					
Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	Purchase of tangible fixed assets	16	(23,015)		(4,753)	
Net debt Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	Net cash used in investing activities			(23.015)	-	(4.753)
Repayment/receipt of borrowings (300,000) 400,000  Net cash (used in)/generated from (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	<b>g</b>			(,-,-,		(
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities (300,000) 400,000  Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 1,721,512 131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	Net debt					
financing activities       (300,000)       400,000         Net increase in cash and cash equivalents       1,721,512       131,957         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       688,289       556,332	Repayment/receipt of borrowings		(300,000)		400,000	
financing activities       (300,000)       400,000         Net increase in cash and cash equivalents       1,721,512       131,957         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       688,289       556,332			9 <u>001100000000000000</u> 9			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents  1,721,512  131,957  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  688,289  556,332				(000 000)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 688,289 556,332	financing activities			(300,000)		400,000
	Net increase in cash and cash equivale	ents		1,721,512		131,957
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 2,409,801 688,289	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	of year		688,289		556,332
Cash and Cash equivalents at end of year 2,409,801 688,289	Cach and each equivalents at and after			2 400 004		
	Cash and Cash equivalents at end of ye	zai		2,409,001		000,209

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Background information**

Manchester Credit Union Limited is registered in the UK as a society under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, whose principal activity is to operate as a credit union, within the meaning of the Credit Union Act 1979. The credit union is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Cooperative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the credit union. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Income

Fees and charges receivable either arise in connection with a specific transaction, or accrue evenly over the year. Income relating to individual transactions is recognised when the transaction is complete.

Interest receivable on loans to members and bank interest are recognised using the effective interest rate basis and are calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixture and fittings
Computer equipment

15% reducing balance

33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the credit union reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the credit union estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the revenue account, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the revenue account, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of less than 8 days.

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The credit union has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the credit union's balance sheet when the credit union becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include loans to members and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

#### Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the revenue account, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The credit union assesses, at each balance sheet date, if there is objective evidence that any of its loans to members are impaired. The loans are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics, because no loans are individually significant. In addition, if, during the course of the year, there is objective evidence that any individual loan is impaired, a specific loss will be recognised. Any impairment losses are recognised in the revenue account, as the difference between the carrying value of the expected cash flows.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the credit union transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including members deposits are classified as debt and are initially recognised at transaction price. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through the revenue account. Debt instruments may be designated as being measured at fair value though the revenue account to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the credit union's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in the revenue account, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable surplus for the year. Taxable surplus differs from the surplus as reported in the revenue account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The credit union's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### 1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense. The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received. Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the credit union is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.10 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

#### 1.11 Government grants

Grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received. Revenue grants are recognised as income over the periods when the related costs are incurred. Capital grants are recognised in income systematically over the asset's expected useful life. If part of such a grant is deferred it is recognised as deferred income rather than being deducted from the asset's carrying amount.

#### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the credit union's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

#### Loan Impairment

The credit union assesses, at each reporting date, if there is objective evidence that any of its loans to customers are impaired. The loans are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit-risk characteristics. In addition, if, during the course of the year, there is objective evidence that any individual loan is impaired, a specific loss will be recognised. Any impairment losses are recognised in the Revenue Account, as the difference between the carrying value of the loan and the net present value of the expected cash flows.

#### 3 Interest receivable and similar income

	2019	2018
	£	£
Interest income on loans	2,183,794	1,577,381
Interest income on bank deposits	1,226	1,375
	2,185,020	1,578,756

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

4 Interest payable and similar cha	arges
------------------------------------	-------

As non-deferred shares are classed as a liability the dividend on these shares is classed as interest for accounting purposes under FRS 102:

	2019	2018
Interest and similar charges during the period	£	£
Dividend on dividend bearing shares	54,071	24,318
Preferential dividend on gold saver account	20,965	5#8
Interest accrued on interest bearing shares	16,918	-
Distributions to juvenile members	803	348
	92,757	24,666
Interest on borrowing	22,663	14,967
	115,420	39,633

The distributions on member's shares represents distributions paid in the year which were approved at the last Annual General Meeting. The dividend rates approved at the previous AGM were:

	2019	2018
Dividend rates paid during year	%	%
Ordinary share dividend	1.00	0.50

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting the Directors will propose the following dividends based on the results for the current year. If approved these dividends will be included as a cost in next year's financial statements once they have been paid.

		2019	2018
	Dividend rates to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting	%	%
	Ordinary share dividend	1.00	1.00
	Gold premium dividend	1. <del></del>	1.50
	Spot-Spot-Stockstonesser, Sect. His zer versi		
5	Fees and commissions receivable		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Service charges	7,861	5,369
		-	
6	Fees and commissions payable		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank charges	6,047	2,389

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

Notes         £         £           Staff costs         11         492,947         416,851           Insurance costs         39,561         35,148           External auditor's remuneration         6,300         4,415           Member communication and advertising         65,295         45,844           Legal, professional and credit control costs         182,924         89,950           Computer and software expenses         61,460         31,083					
Other income	7	Other operating income			
Cither income   4,957   5,938   67   100,000		amar aparama maama		2019	2018
Staff costs					
Staff costs		Other income		4,957	5,938
8 Administrative expenses         Notes       £       £         Staff costs       11       492,947       416,851         Insurance costs       39,561       35,148         External auditor's remuneration       6,300       4,415         Member communication and advertising       65,295       45,844         Legal, professional and credit control costs       182,924       89,950         Computer and software expenses       61,460       31,083         Travel costs       8,474       6,815         General administration costs       15,445       14,562         9       Other operating expenses       2019       2018         £       £       £         Regulatory costs       1,349       2,276         Costs of occupying offices       80,928       54,097         32,277       56,373         10       Operating surplus       £       £         Costs of occupying offices       2019       2018         E       £       £         Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements       6,300       4,415         Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets       10,173       15,151 <td></td> <td>Grant income</td> <td></td> <td>**************************************</td> <td>100,000</td>		Grant income		**************************************	100,000
8 Administrative expenses         Notes       £       £         Staff costs       11       492,947       416,851         Insurance costs       39,561       35,148         External auditor's remuneration       6,300       4,415         Member communication and advertising       65,295       45,844         Legal, professional and credit control costs       182,924       89,950         Computer and software expenses       61,460       31,083         Travel costs       8,474       6,815         General administration costs       15,445       14,562         9       Other operating expenses       2019       2018         £       £       £         Regulatory costs       1,349       2,276         Costs of occupying offices       80,928       54,097         32,277       56,373         10       Operating surplus       £       £         Costs of occupying offices       2019       2018         E       £       £         Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements       6,300       4,415         Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets       10,173       15,151 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4.057</td> <td>105.020</td>				4.057	105.020
Staff costs   11   492,947   416,851   Insurance costs   39,561   35,148   External auditor's remuneration   6,300   4,415   Member communication and advertising   65,295   45,844   Legal, professional and credit control costs   182,924   89,950   Computer and software expenses   61,460   31,083   Travel costs   8,474   6,815   General administration costs   15,445   14,562   872,406   644,668				=====	=====
Staff costs					
Staff costs	8	Administrative expenses			
Staff costs			Natas		
Insurance costs   39,561   35,148     External auditor's remuneration   6,300   4,415     Member communication and advertising   65,295   45,844     Legal, professional and credit control costs   182,924   89,950     Computer and software expenses   61,460   31,083     Travel costs   8,474   6,815     General administration costs   15,445   14,562     872,406   644,668     872,406     872,406   644,668     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,406   644,688     872,40			Notes	£	L
External auditor's remuneration         6,300         4,415           Member communication and advertising         65,295         45,844           Legal, professional and credit control costs         182,924         89,950           Computer and software expenses         61,460         31,083           Travel costs         8,474         6,815           General administration costs         15,445         14,562           872,406         644,668		Staff costs	11	492,947	
Member communication and advertising         65,295         45,844           Legal, professional and credit control costs         182,924         89,950           Computer and software expenses         61,460         31,083           Travel costs         8,474         6,815           General administration costs         15,445         14,562           872,406         644,668         872,406           872,406         644,668         £           Regulatory costs         1,349         2,276           Costs of occupying offices         80,928         54,097           82,277         56,373           To Operating surplus         2019         2018           Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:         £         £           Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements         6,300         4,415           Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets         10,173         15,151					41011110011
Legal, professional and credit control costs   182,924   89,950   Computer and software expenses   61,460   31,083   71,731   15,161   182,924   89,950   Computer and software expenses   61,460   31,083   71,73   15,161   71,083   71,0					
Computer and software expenses   1,460   31,083   Travel costs   8,474   6,815   General administration costs   15,445   14,562   872,406   644,668		10.75		225.0	
Travel costs   8,474   6,815   15,445   14,562   872,406   644,668   644,6					
Seneral administration costs   15,445   14,562   872,406   644,668   872,406   644,668   872,406   644,668   872,406   644,668   872,406   644,668   872,406   872,4					
9 Other operating expenses  2019 2018 £ £  Regulatory costs Costs of occupying offices  1,349 2,276 Costs of occupying offices  80,928 54,097 82,277 56,373  10 Operating surplus Operating surplus £ £  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  10 Other operating expenses  2019 2,276 2018 £ £					
9 Other operating expenses  2019 2018 £ £  Regulatory costs Costs of occupying offices  1,349 2,276 80,928 54,097 82,277 56,373  2019 2018 82,277 56,373  2019 2018 Coperating surplus Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  2019 2018 6,300 4,415 15,151		General administration costs		15,445	14,562
9 Other operating expenses  2019 2018 £ £  Regulatory costs Costs of occupying offices  1,349 2,276 80,928 54,097 82,277 56,373  10 Operating surplus Operating surplus 2019 2018 Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  2019 2018 £ £				872,406	644,668
Regulatory costs					8 <del></del>
Regulatory costs	۵	Other enerating expenses			
Regulatory costs Costs of occupying offices  1,349 80,928 54,097  82,277 56,373  10 Operating surplus Operating surplus Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  £ £  6,300 4,415 Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	9	Other operating expenses		2019	2018
Costs of occupying offices  80,928 54,097  82,277 56,373   10 Operating surplus  Operating surplus 2019 2018  Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  54,097  80,928 54,097  82,277 56,373					
Costs of occupying offices  80,928 54,097  82,277 56,373   10 Operating surplus  Operating surplus 2019 2018  Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  54,097  80,928 54,097  82,277 56,373		B			0.070
10 Operating surplus  2019 2018 Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  82,277 56,373  2019 2018  £ £  10,173 15,151					
10 Operating surplus  Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements  Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  2019 2018 £ £ £		Costs of occupying offices		80,928	54,097
10 Operating surplus  Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  2019 2018 £ £ £				82 277	56 373
Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  E  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements  Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  2019 £ £  6,300 4,415 15,151				====	====
Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Express payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements  Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  2019 £ £  6,300 4,415 15,151					
Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:  Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the audit of the financial statements  6,300  4,415  Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets  10,173	10	Operating surplus		2010	2018
financial statements 6,300 4,415 Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets 10,173 15,151		Operating surplus for the year is stated after charging:			
financial statements 6,300 4,415 Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets 10,173 15,151		Fees payable to the credit union's external auditor for the a	audit of the		
			990:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	6,300	4,415
Operating lease charges 69,412 40,560 ====					15,151
		Operating lease charges		69,412	40,560

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

11 Employees	11	Emp	loyees
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The average monthly number of persons (including Directors) employed by the credit union during the year was:

	was:		
		2019 Number	2018 Number
	Administration and support	<u>20</u>	18
	Their aggregate remuneration comprised:	2019 £	2018 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	448,202 38,344 6,401 ——— 492,947	381,490 31,696 3,665 ———————————————————————————————————
12	Corporation tax	2019 £	2018 £
	Current tax UK corporation tax on taxable surplus for the current period	233	262 ———
	The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the yor deficit and the standard rate of tax as follows:	ear based o	on the surplus
		2019 £	2018 £
	Surplus before taxation	431,385	402,541
	Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)  Tax effect of income/expenditure not taxable in determining taxable surplus	81,963 (81,730)	76,483 (76,221)
	Taxation charge for the year	233	<u>262</u>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

13	Loans and advances to banks			
			2019 £	2018 £
	Cash held at banks		2,409,491	687,979
	Bank deposits		5,000	5,000
	Loans and advances to banks		2,414,491	692,979
	Cash in hand		310	310
	Total cash and bank balances		2,414,801	693,289
	Loans split by repayment period			
	Cash and cash equivalents		2,409,801	688,289
	Amounts maturing in over 8 days		5,000	5,000
			2,414,801	693,289
14	Loans and advances to customers		2019	2018
		Notes	£	£
	Loan movement		0.444.044	5 101 150
	Opening balances		8,411,814	5,494,150
	Interest on loans		2,183,794	1,577,381
	Loans advanced during the period		10,729,886	9,414,480
	Loans repaid during the period Loans derecognised		(11,157,567) (181,168)	(7,700,199) (373,998)
			9,986,759	8,411,814
	Loan impairment provisions	15	(1,209,435)	(710,473)
			8,777,324	7,701,341
	Lanca culta bu una culta d		×	
	Loans split by repayment period Capital repayments due within 1 year		8,197,150	6,662,769
	Capital repayments due after 1 year		1,789,609	1,749,045
	Loan impairment provisions	15	(1,209,435)	(710,473)
			8,777,324	7,701,341
	Loone cult by tone			
	Loans split by type Loans to members		9,986,759	8,411,814
	Loan impairment provisions	15	(1,209,435)	(710,473)
			8,777,324	7,701,341

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

15	Loan impairment			
		Write off	Arrears	Total
		Provision	Provision	<b>Provisions</b>
		£	£	£
	Loan impairment provision			
	Opening balances		710,473	710,473
	Provision movement	201,383	297,579	498,962
	Closing balances	201,383	1,008,052	1,209,435

Under Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102), the criteria for derecognising (writing off a loan) is different from when the credit union would write off the loan for internal purposes. Loans written off by the Board that do not meet the criteria in FRS 102 for being derecognised are not written off in these financial statements. The loans the credit union feel should be written off but which do not meet the criteria in FRS 102 for being derecognised are fully provided in the write off provision which is shown above. As a result there is no net effect on the surplus or net assets of the credit union from this requirement of FRS 102.

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
Impairment revenue account charge			
Impairment provision movement		498,962	197,570
Bad debts derecognised	14	181,168	373,998
Bad debts recovered		ā	(42,260)
		680,130	529,308

Clusters and fittings

#### 16 Tangible fixed assets

	Fixture and fittings
Cost	£
At 1 October 2018	312,034
Additions	23,015
At 30 September 2019	335,049
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 October 2018	288,004
Depreciation charged in the year	10,173
At 30 September 2019	298,177
Carrying amount	
At 30 September 2019	36,872
At 30 September 2018	24,030

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

17	Customer accounts			
			2019	2018
			£	£
	Deposit movement		0.700.404	E 400 450
	Opening balances		6,762,461 18,765,855	5,498,456
	Deposited during the period Withdrawn during the period		(16,140,564)	12,604,002 (11,339,997)
	Withdrawn dailing the period			(11,000,001)
			9,387,752	6,762,461
			10:	
	Deposits split by type			
	Standard dividend bearing member shares		8,812,573	6,403,088
	Corporate shares		464,783	273,757
	Juvenile member deposits		110,396	85,616
			9,387,752	6,762,461
18	Other liabilities		2019	2018
		Notes	2019 £	2018 £
	Other borrowing	19	100,000	400,000
	Corporation tax		494	261
	Other creditors		50,588	47,506
	Accruals and deferred income		108,907	30,885
			259,989	478,652
			-	
19	Loans and overdrafts			
			2019	2018
			£	£
	Other loans		100,000	400,000
	Payable within one year		100,000	400,000
	and American contents.			====

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 20 Financial risk management

The credit union manages its shares and loans so that it earns income from the margin between interest receivable and interest payable (including dividends paid).

The main financial risks arising from the activities of the credit union are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below:

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a borrower will default on their contractual obligations relating to repayment to the credit union, resulting in financial loss to the credit union. In order to manage this risk the Board approves the lending policy and all changes to it. All loan applications are assessed with reference to the lending policy in force at the time. Subsequently loans are regularly reviewed for any factors that may indicate the likelihood of repayment has changed. The credit union also monitors its banking arrangements for credit risk.

#### Liquidity risk

The policy of the credit union is to maintain sufficient funds in liquid form at time to ensure that it can meet its liabilities as they fall due and meet the liquidity ratios set by the regulators. The objective of the policy is to provide a degree of protection against any unexpected developments that may arise

#### Market risk

Market risk generally comprises of interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. The main risks impacting the credit union are set out below:

Interest rate risk: The main interest rate risk for the credit union arises between the interest rate exposure on loans, bank deposits and shares that form an integral part of a credit union's operations. The credit union considers rates of interest receivable when deciding on proposed dividend rates. Dividend rates are based on the historical results of the credit union and the credit union's strategic plans. The credit union does not use interest rate options to hedge its own positions.

Foreign Currency Risk: All transactions are carried out in sterling and therefore the credit union is not exposed to any form of foreign currency risk.

Other price risk: The credit union only holds investments in government securities and those with credit institutions that meet the criteria of Chapter 6 of the PRA rulebook. The credit union monitors the investments throughout the year.

#### 21 Retirement benefit schemes

	2019	2018
Defined contribution schemes	£	£
Charge to revenue account in respect of defined contribution schemes	6,401	3,665

The credit union operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the credit union in an independently administered fund.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 22 Credit risk on lending

The credit union holds the following security against its loans to members:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Security for loans		
Attached shares	978,925	734,594

The carrying amount of the loans to members represents the credit union's maximum exposure to credit risk. The following table provides information on the credit quality of loan repayments. Where loans are not impaired it is expected that the amounts repayable will be received in full. The status 'past due' includes any loan where payments are in arrears. The amount included is the entire loan amount and not just the overdue amount.

	2019	2018
	£	£
Loans not individually impaired		
Not past due	8,238,922	6,837,430
Up to 3 months past due	617,608	586,729
	8,856,530	7,424,159
Loans individually impaired	() <del></del>	(°
Between 3 and 6 months past due	107,429	319,767
Between 6 months and 1 year past due	334,843	404,972
Over 1 year past due	486,574	262,916
Individually impaired and written off for internal purposes	201,383	20 20 <del>5</del> 2
	1,130,229	987,655
Total loans	9,986,759	8,411,814
Impairment allowance	(1,209,435)	(710,473)
	8,777,324	7,701,341
	-	

#### 23 Credit risk on bank and investments

The credit union invests funds not yet actively deployed in the following investments:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank accounts	2,409,491	687,979
Bank term deposits	5,000	5,000
	2,414,491	692,979

The credit union believes the full amount of these investments is recoverable.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 24 Interest rates on financial instruments

The following table shows the interest earned during the year divided by the average loan balance and the dividend/interest paid during the year divided by the average share balance. The average balance is taken as the average of the opening and closing balances.

	2019		2018	
		Rates received		Rates received
	Amount	in year	Amount	in year
	£	%	£	%
Financial assets				
Loans to members	9,986,759	23.74%	8,411,814	22.69%
Loans and advances to banks	2,414,491	0.08%	692,979	0.14%
	12,401,250		9,104,793	
Financial liabilities				
Juvenile deposits	(110,396)	0.82%	(85,616)	0.41%
Dividend bearing shares	(8,812,573)	0.96%	(6,403,088)	1.26%
Interest bearing shares	(464,783)	4.58%	(273,757)	6.18%
Loans to the credit union	(100,000)	9.07%	(400,000)	7.48%
	(9,487,752)		(7,162,461)	

#### 25 Reserves

#### **General Reserve**

The general reserve represents the base capital of the credit union and is the retained surpluses and deficits which have not been allocated to another specific reserve.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 26 Capital

The credit union classes all of its reserves as capital. The credit union manages its reserves through its financial and budgeting policies and procedures. The Prudential Regulation Authority sets out requirements for the capital ratio that the credit union must maintain. The ratio is calculated after proposed dividends. The credit union's compliance with the ratio at the year end is set out below:

	2019	2018
	%	%
Actual capital to asset ratio	14.00%	13.67%
Regulatory requirement		
Base capital requirement	8.00%	8.00%
Capital buffer	2.00%	2.00%
Total capital requirement	10.00%	10.00%

### 27 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

The credit union participates in the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS) which provides protection for its members up to the level of protection offered by the FSCS. As a result of the credit union's participation it has a contingent liability, which cannot be quantified, in respect of future contributions to the FSCS, as required by the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

#### 28 Operating lease commitments

#### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Within one year	50,731	50,731
Between two and five years	202,924	202,925
In over five years	186,014	236,746
Total lessee operating lease commitment	439,669	490,402
	<del></del>	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

#### 29 Related party transactions

The credit union classes the Directors and members of the senior management team as key management.

#### Remuneration of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel is as follows.

	2019	2018
	£	£
Wages and salaries	120,712	101,089

#### Transactions with key management

Balances held by members of key management and their close family members in the credit union are set out below. Loans to key management and their close family members are on standard terms and conditions.

	2019	2018
	£	£
Loans to key management and their close family	11,295	23,979
Shares held by key management and their close family	84,734	41,886



# DETAILED REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
Income			
Interest income on loans	3	2,183,794	1,577,381
Interest income on bank deposits	3	1,226	1,375
Fees and commissions receivable	5	7,861	5,369
Other income	7	4,957	105,938
		2,197,838	1,690,063
Expenditure		V <del>ariotic Control (1990)</del>	
Staff costs	11	492,947	416,851
Insurance costs		39,561	35,148
Auditors remuneration		6,300	4,415
Member communication and advertising	8	65,295	45,844
egal, professional and credit control costs	8	182,924	89,950
Computer and software expenses	8	61,460	31,083
Travel costs	8	8,474	6,815
Bank charges	6	6,047	2,389
General administration costs	8	15,445	14,562
Regulatory costs	9	1,349	2,276
Costs of occupying offices	9	80,928	54,097
Depreciation and amortisation	10	10,173	15,151
mpairment on loans for bad and doubtful deb	ots 15	680,130	529,308
oan interest payable		22,663	14,967
		1,673,696	1,262,856
Surplus before taxation		524,142	427,207
Corporation tax	12	(233)	(262)
		523,909	426,945
istributions		(92,757)	(24,666)
turplus for the year		431,152	402,279
			The state of the s