

Manchester Credit Union Limited Annual Report and Financial Statements Year Ended 30 September 2018

Registration number: 235C

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Credit Union Information

FCA Number

213400

Society Number

235C

Registered office

24 Queen Street

Manchester M2 5HX

Auditors

Alexander Sloan

180 St Vincent Street

Glasgow G2 5SG

Manchester Credit Union Limited is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Credit Union continues to be that defined in the Credit Unions Act 1979. The Credit Union's common bond covers everyone who resides or is employed in the City of Manchester, or the metropolitan boroughs of Rochdale, Tameside, Trafford, Stockport, Bury and the High Peak.

Directors of the Credit Union

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

P Mitchell - Chairman

C Davies (resigned 1 September 2018)

B James

P Jones (resigned 1 March 2018)

J Lee

C Moore

M Suringar

R Rosewell

D Bodey

Fair review of the business

The accounts show the results for the year's activities for the combined operations.

The surplus for the year, after taxation, amounted to £402,279 (2017 - £16,371). Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 4 to the financial statements.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

Principal risks and uncertainties

The main financial risks arising from the Credit Union's activities are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk.

Credit Risk - The Credit Union is exposed to the risk of default on loans and bank balances. All loans are required by the Credit Union to be assessed against the Credit Union's lending policy.

Liquidity Risk - The Credit Union's policy is to maintain sufficient funds in liquid forms at all times to be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due and to meet the regulator's liquidity requirements.

Interest Rate Risk - The main interest rate risk arises from differences between interest rate exposures on assets and liabilities that form an integral part of the Credit Union's activities. The Credit Union considers interest rates when setting the level of proposed dividends each period.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each Director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Credit Union's auditors are aware of that information. The Directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Credit Union legislation requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under Credit Union legislation the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Credit Union and of the surplus or deficit of the Credit Union for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Credit Union will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Credit Union's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Credit Union and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Credit Unions Act 1979 and the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Credit Union and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Reappointment of auditors

A resolution for the re-appointment of Alexander Sloan as auditors of the Credit Union is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board on $\frac{9/3}{9}$ and signed on its behalf by:

P Mitchell Chairman

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Manchester Credit Union Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Manchester Credit Union Limited (the 'Credit Union') for the year ended 30 September 2018, which comprise the Revenue Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Credit Union's members, as a body, in accordance with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Credit Union's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Credit Union and the Credit Union's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Credit Union's affairs as at 30 September 2018 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Credit Union in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Manchester Credit Union Limited

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- · the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Credit Union's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the Credit Union and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Manchester Credit Union Limited

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper books of account have not been kept by the Credit Union in accordance with the requirements of the legislation; or
- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained by the Credit Union in accordance with the requirements of the legislation; or
- the Revenue Account and Balance Sheet are not in agreement with the books of account of the Credit Union; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities [set out on page 4], the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Credit Union's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Credit Union or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Manchester Credit Union Limited

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Credit Union's internal control.
- · Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Credit Union's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Credit Union to cease to continue as a going concern.
- · Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Credit Union to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Credit Union audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Alexander Sloan

180 St Vincent Street

Alskush SL

Glasgow, G2 5SG

Date: 21 Mard 2019

Revenue Account for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Loan interest receivable and similar income	3	1,578,756	869,223
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(39,633)	(11,132)
Net interest income		1,539,123	858,091
Fees and commissions receivable	5	5,369	40,829
Fees and commissions payable	6 _	(2,389)	(1,691)
Net fees and commissions		2,980	39,138
Other operating income	7	105,938	23,323
Administrative expenses	8	(644,668)	(626,798)
Depreciation and amortisation		(15,151)	(12,558)
Other operating expenses	9	(56,373)	(53,591)
Impairment on loans for bad and doubtful debts	16	(529,308)	(208,255)
Surplus before tax		402,541	19,350
Corporation Tax	13 _	(262)	(2,979)
Surplus for the financial year		402,279	16,371
Total comprehensive income for the year	=	402,279	16,371

Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2018

	Nata	2018 £	2017 £
	Note	T.	~
Assets			
Cash and balances at central banks	14	310	1,260
Loans and advances to banks	14	692,979	1,268,215
Loans and advances to customers	15	7,701,341	4,981,247
Tangible fixed assets	17	24,030	34,428
Other receivables	18	-	15,000
Prepayments and accrued income		35,808	75,695
Total assets		8,454,468	6,375,845
Liabilities			
Customer accounts	19	6,762,461	5,498,456
Other liabilities	20	478,652	66,313
		7,241,113	5,564,769
Other reserves	22	-	731,455
General reserve	22	1,213,355	79,621
Total reserves		1,213,355	811,076
Total liabilities		8,454,468	6,375,845

Approved and authorised by the Board on $\frac{19/3}{1}$ and signed on its behalf by:

P Mitchell

Chairman

B James

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

General

Growth fund

The notes on pages 13 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Surplus for the year		402,279	16,371
Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items			
Depreciation and amortisation	10	15,151	12,558
Corporation tax expense	13	262	2,979
Provision movement		571,568	261,931
Interest income on loans	3	(1,577,381)	(853,944)
Interest on loans	4	14,967	-
Distribution on member shares		24,666	11,132
		(548,488)	(548,973)
Working capital adjustments			
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables and prepayments	3	54,887	(29,268)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	20	415,057	(23,197)
		469,944	(52,465)
Cash flows from changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Loan repayments less loans advanced	15	(1,714,281)	(692,139)
Customer balance cash movement		1,239,339	396,771
Movement on funds on deposit	14	708,143	300,826
		233,201	5,458
Income taxes paid		(2,980)	(2,647)
Net cash flow from operating activities		151,677	(598,627)
Cash flows from investing activities Acquisitions of property plant and equipment		(4,753)	(3,558)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid	4	(14,967)	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		131,957	(602,185)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 October		556,332	1,158,517
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 September		688,289	556,332

The notes on pages 13 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

1 General information

Manchester Credit Union Limited is registered in the UK as a society under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, whose principal activity is to operate as a Credit Union, within the meaning of the Credit Union Act 1979. The Credit Union is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority. As a financial institution the Credit Union is governed by The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

The address of its registered office is: 24 Queen Street Manchester M2 5HX

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The accounts are presented in UK Sterling and rounded to the nearest pound.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Impairment of Financial Assets:

The Credit Union assesses at each reporting date, if there is objective evidence that any of its loans to customers are impaired. The loans are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit-risk characteristics. In addition, if, during the course of the year, there is objective evidence that any individual loan is impaired, a specific loss will be recognised. Any impairment losses are recognised in the Revenue Account, as the difference between the carrying value of the loan and the net present value of the expected cash flows.

Revenue recognition

Fees and charges receivable either arise in connection with a specific transaction, or accrue evenly over the year. Income relating to individual transactions is recognised when the transaction is complete. The recognition of interest is covered in the Finance Income and Costs Policy.

Grants

Grants are credited to deferred income. Grants for capital expenditure are released to the Revenue Account over the expected useful life of the asset. Grants for revenue expenditure are released to the Revenue Account as the expenditure is incurred.

Finance income and costs policy

Interest receivable on loans to members and bank interest is recognised using the effective interest rate basis and is calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible fixed assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Fixture and fittings

15% reducing balance

Computer equipment

33% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Revenue Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the Credit Union has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Loans to members are a debt instrument measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate.

Recognition and measurement

Loans to members are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments, and are not quoted in an active market. Loans are recognised when cash is advanced to members and measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Loans are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, usually when all amounts outstanding have been repaid by the member.

Impairment

The Credit Union assesses, at each balance sheet date, if there is objective evidence that any of its loans to members are impaired. The loans are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics, because no loans are individually significant. In addition, if, during the course of the year, there is objective evidence that any individual loan is impaired, a specific loss will be recognised. Any impairment losses are recognised in the revenue account, as the difference between the carrying value of the loan and the discounted expected cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

3 Interest receivable and similar income

	2018	2017
	£	£
Interest income on loans	1,577,381	853,944
Interest income on bank deposits	1,375	15,279
	1,578,756	869,223

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

4 Interest payable and similar charges

As non-deferred shares are classed as a liability the dividend on these shares is classed as interest for accounting purposes under FRS 102:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Ordinary share dividend	24,318	10,950
Juvenile share distribution	348	182
Total distributions to customers	24,666	11,132
Interest on bank overdrafts and borrowings	14,967	-
	39,633	11,132

The distributions on member's shares represents distributions paid in the year which were approved at the last Annual General Meeting. The dividend rates approved at the previous AGM were:

	2018	2017
	%	%
Dividends paid during the period		
Ordinary member dividend	.50	.25

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting the Directors will propose the following dividends based on the results for the current year. If approved this dividend will be included in next year's financial accounts once it has been paid.

	2018 %	2017 %
Proposed distribution to members		
Proposed dividend on ordinary shares	1.00	.50

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

5	Fees and commissions receivable		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Annual service charges	5,369	40,829
6	Fees and commissions payable		
		2018	2017
	·	£	£
	Bank charges	2,389	1,691
7	Other operating income		
		2018	2017
	,	£	£
	Other income	5,938	2,823
	Grants	100,000	20,500
		105,938	23,323

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

8 Administrative expenses

9

Employee benefits expense 416,851 430,439 Auditors remuneration 4,415 7,405 Death benefit costs 35,148 33,097 Member communication and advertising 45,844 46,099 Legal, professional and credit costs 89,950 69,793 Computer costs 31,083 30,912 Travel costs 6,815 6,203 Other admin costs 14,562 2,850 Administrative expenses 644,668 626,798 Other operating expenses 2018 2017 E £ Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 E £ Depreciation expense 15,151 12,558		2018	2017
Auditors remuneration		£	£
Auditors remuneration 4,415 7,405 Death benefit costs 35,148 33,097 Member communication and advertising 45,844 46,099 Legal, professional and credit costs 89,950 69,793 Computer costs 31,083 30,912 Travel costs 6,815 6,203 Other admin costs 14,562 2,850 Administrative expenses 644,668 626,798 Other operating expenses 2018 2017 Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus 2018 2017 Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £ 4,554 45,154 13,558	Employee benefits expense	416,851	430,439
Member communication and advertising 45,844 46,099 Legal, professional and credit costs 89,950 69,793 Computer costs 31,083 30,912 Travel costs 6,815 6,203 Other admin costs 14,562 2,850 Administrative expenses 644,668 626,798 Other operating expenses 2018 2017 Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £ 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	• -	4,415	7,405
Legal, professional and credit costs 89,950 69,793 Computer costs 31,083 30,912 Travel costs 6,815 6,203 Other admin costs 14,562 2,850 Administrative expenses 644,668 626,798 Other operating expenses 2018 2017 Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ 15,151 12,558	Death benefit costs	35,148	33,097
Computer costs Computer costs Travel costs Other admin costs Administrative expenses Other operating expenses Regulatory costs Office costs Other operating expenses 2018 E E Regulatory costs Computer costs Compute	Member communication and advertising	45,844	46,099
Computer costs 31,083 30,912 Travel costs 6,815 6,203 Other admin costs 14,562 2,850 Administrative expenses 644,668 626,798 Other operating expenses Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ 15 15 1 12,558	Legal, professional and credit costs	89,950	69,793
Travel costs 6,815 6,203 Other admin costs 14,562 2,850 Administrative expenses 644,668 626,798 Other operating expenses Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £ 45,151 12,558		31,083	30,912
Administrative expenses 644,668 626,798 Other operating expenses 2018 2017 £ £ £ Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £	•	6,815	6,203
2018 2017 £ £ £ Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 Operating surplus 2018 2017 £ £ £ £ £ 15,151 12,558 1558 Other operating expenses 2018 2017 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	Other admin costs	14,562	2,850
2018 2017 £ £ Regulatory costs Office costs Office perating expenses 70 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	Administrative expenses	644,668	626,798
Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £ 15 151 12 558	Other operating expenses		
Regulatory costs 2,276 1,309 Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £ 15,151 12,558			
Office costs 54,097 52,282 Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £	•		
Other operating expenses 56,373 53,591 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £	Regulatory costs	•	
Other operating expenses 10 Operating surplus Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ £	Office costs	54,097	52,282
Arrived at after charging/(crediting) 2018 2017 £ £ 15.151	Other operating expenses	56,373	53,591
2018 2017 £ £ 15.151 12.558	10 Operating surplus		
£ £	Arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
15 151 12 558		2018	2017
Depreciation expense 15,151 12,558		£	£
	Depreciation expense	15,151	12,558

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

11 Staff costs

Audit of the financial statements

The aggregate remuneration (including key management remuneration) was as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Wages and salaries	381,490	396,990
Social security costs	31,696	32,272
Pension costs, defined contribution scheme	3,665	1,177
•	416,851	430,439

The average number of persons employed by the Credit Union (including key management) during the year and the number of Directors, analysed by category was as follows:

	2018 No.	2017 No.
Administration and support	18	16
12 Auditor's remuneration		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Audit of the financial statements	4,415	7,405

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

13 Corporation tax

Tax charged/(credited) in the revenue account

	2018	2017
	£	£
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	262	2,979

The tax on profit before tax for the year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2017 - 19% (2017 - 19.5%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Surplus before tax	402,541	19,350
Corporation tax at standard rate	76,483	3,773
Effect of transactions exempt from taxation	(76,221)	(794)
Total tax charge	262	2,979

14 Loans and advances to banks

	2018	2017
	£	£
Cash at bank	687,979	555,072
Short-term deposits	5,000	713,143
Loans and advances to banks	692,979	1,268,215
Cash balances	310	1,260
Total cash and bank balances and deposits	693,289	1,269,475
Less amounts maturing more than 8 days	(5,000)	(713,143)
Cash and cash equivalents in statement of cash flows	688,289	556,332

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

15 Loans and advances to customers

	2018 £	2017 £
Loan movement in the period		
Opening balance	5,494,150	4,162,802
Interest accrued on loans during period	1,577,381	853,944
Loans advanced during the period	9,414,480	5,357,584
Repayments received during period	(7,700,199)	(4,665,445)
Loans derecognised	(373,998)	(214,735)
	8,411,814	5,494,150
Loan impairment	(710,473)	(512,903)
	7,701,341	4,981,247
Loan repayments		
Loans due within one year	6,662,769	3,312,646
Due after one year	1,749,045	2,181,504
Loan impairment	(710,473)	(512,903)
	7,701,341	4,981,247
Classification of loans		
Loans to individual members	7,701,341	4,981,247
	7,701,341	4,981,247

Loans derecognised represent loans which the Credit Union no longer considers recoverable and have consequently been deducted from the overall loan balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

16 Loan Impairment

	Bad debts written off	Provision for written off debts	Doubtful debt provision	Total provision
Opening impairment	-	-	512,903	512,903
Charge to Revenue Account	331,738	-	197,570	529,308
Adjustment to provision for bad debts actually written off	(331,738)	-	***	(331,738)
Closing provision	_	-	710,473	710,473

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

17 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 October 2017	307,281	307,281
Additions	4,753	4,753
At 30 September 2018	312,034	312,034
Depreciation		
At 1 October 2017	272,853	272,853
Charge for the year	15,151	15,151
At 30 September 2018	288,004	288,004
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2018	24,030	24,030
At 30 September 2017	34,428	34,428
18 Other receivables		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Loans to other Credit Unions	<u>-</u>	15,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

19 Customer accounts		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Customer balance movement in the period		
Opening balance	5,498,456	5,090,553
Deposited during the period	12,604,002	8,039,973
Withdrawn during the period	(11,339,997)	(7,632,070)
	6,762,461	5,498,456
Classification of Customer balances		
Individual member shares	6,676,845	5,414,506
Juvenile deposits	85,616	83,950
	6,762,461	5,498,456
20 Other liabilities		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Due within one year		
Loans from other Credit Unions	400,000	-
Other payables	47,506	41,460
Accrued expenses	30,885	21,874
Corporation tax liability	261	2,979
	478,652	66,313

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

21 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts

Operating leases

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Not later than one year	50,731	2,038
Later than one year and not later than five years	202,925	-
Later than five years	236,746	
	490,402	2,038

The amount of non-cancellable operating lease payments recognised as an expense during the year was £40,560 (2017 - £42,500).

22 Reserves

General Reserve

The general reserve represents the base capital of the Credit Union and is the retained surpluses and deficits which have not been allocated to another specific reserve.

Growth Fund Reserve

The growth fund reserve represents surpluses and deficits on growth fund activities, including unused growth fund funding.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

23 Capital

Manchester Credit Union Limited classes all of its reserves as capital. The Credit Union manages its reserves through its financial and budgeting policies and procedures. The Prudential Regulation Authority sets out requirements for the capital ratio that the Credit Union must maintain. The ratio is calculated after proposed dividends. The Credit Union's compliance with the ratio at the year end is set out below:

	2018 %	2017 %
Regulatory Requirement		
Minimum capital to asset ratio	8.00	8.00
Capital buffer	2.00	-
	10.00	8.00
Actual Capital to Asset Ratio	13.67	12.34

24 Financial Risk Management

Manchester Credit Union Limited manages its shares and loans so that it earns income from the margin between interest receivable and interest payable (including dividends paid).

The main financial risks arising from the activities of Manchester Credit Union Limited are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below:

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a borrower will default on their contractual obligations relating to repayments to Manchester Credit Union Limited, resulting in financial loss to the Credit Union. In order to manage this risk the Board approves the lending policy of Manchester Credit Union Limited and all changes to it. All loan applications are assessed with reference to the lending policy in force at the time. Subsequently loans are regularly reviewed for any factors that may indicate the likelihood of repayment has changed. The Credit Union also monitors its banking arrangements for Credit Risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

24 Financial Risk Management (continued)

Liquidity Risk

The policy of Manchester Credit Union Limited is to maintain sufficient funds in liquid form at all times to ensure that it can meet its liabilities as they fall due and meet the liquidity ratios set by the regulators. The objective of the policy is to provide a degree of protection against any unexpected developments that may arise.

Market Risk

Market risk generally comprises of interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. The main risks impacting the Credit Union are set out below:

Interest rate risk: The main interest rate risk for Manchester Credit Union Limited arises between the interest rate exposure on loans, bank deposits and shares that form an integral part of a Credit Union's operations. Manchester Credit Union Limited considers rates of interest receivable when deciding on proposed dividend rates. Dividend rates are based on the historical results of the Credit Union and the Credit Union's strategic plans. The Credit Union does not use interest rate options to hedge its own positions.

Foreign Currency Risk: All transactions are carried out in sterling and therefore the Credit Union is not exposed to any form of foreign currency risk.

Other price risk: The Credit Union does not hold any listed investments.

25 Credit risk on loans to members

The Credit Union holds the following security against its loans to members:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Security for loans		
Attached Shares	734,594	523,501

The carrying amount of the loans to members represents the Credit Union's maximum exposure to risk. The following table provides information on the credit quality of loan repayments. Where loans are not impaired it is expected that the amounts repayable will be received in full. The status 'past due' includes any loan where payments are in arrears. The amount included is the entire loan amount and not just the overdue amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

25 Credit risk on loans to members (continued)

	2018 £	2017 £
Loans not impaired	6 927 420	4,531,069
Not past due Up to 3 months past due	6,837,430 586,729	320,864
	7,424,159	4,851,933
Loans impaired		
Between 3 months and 6 months due	319,767	110,136
Between 6 months and 1 year past due	404,972	178,948
Over 1 year past due	262,916	353,133
	987,655	642,217
	8,411,814	5,494,150
Impairment allowance	(710,473)	(512,903)
	7,701,341	4,981,247

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

26 Interest rates

The following table shows the interest received during the year divided by the closing loan balance and the dividend paid during the year divided by the closing share balance:

		Rates		Rates
	received in			received in
	2018	current	2017	previous
	Amount	year	Amount	year
	£	%	£	%
Financial assets				
Loans to members	7,701,341	20.48	4,981,247	17.14
	2018	Rates paid	2017	Rates paid
	Amount	in year	Amount	in year
	£	%	£	%
Financial liabilities				
Juvenile deposits	85,616	.41	83,950	.22
Member shares	6,676,845	.36	5,414,506	.20
	6,762,461	.36	5,498,456	.20

27 Contingent liabilities

The Credit Union participates in the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS) which provides protection for its members up to the level of protection offered by the FSCS. As a result of the Credit Union's participation it has a contingent liability, which cannot be quantified in respect of future contributions to the FSCS, as required by the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

28 Related party transactions

Key management personnel

The Credit Union classes Directors and members of the Senior Management team as Key Management.

Key management remuneration

	2018	2017
	£	£
Salaries and other short term employee benefits	101,089	90,833
Calando and other chert term empreyer		

Summary of transactions with key management

Loans to key management are issued on standard terms and conditions. At the year end £23,979 (2017 - £28,496) was owed by key management and close family in loans to the Credit Union. Key management and their close family held shares totalling £41,886 (2017 - £4,879) in the Credit Union.

The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts						

Detailed Revenue Account for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Income			
Interest income on loans		1,577,381	853,944
Interest income on bank deposits		1,375	15,279
Interest Received		1,578,756	869,223
Fees and commissions receivable	5	5,369	40,829
Other operating income	7	105,938	23,323
		1,690,063	933,375
Expenditure			
Employee benefits expense		416,851	430,439
Auditors remuneration		4,415	7,405
Death benefit costs		35,148	33,097
Bank charges		2,389	1,691
Regulatory costs		2,276	1,309
Office costs		54,097	52,282
Member communication and advertising		45,844	46,099
Legal, professional and credit costs		89,950	69,793
Computer costs		31,083	30,912
Travel costs		6,815	6,203
Other admin costs		14,562	2,850
Depreciation and amortisation		15,151	12,558
Impairment on loans for bad and doubtful debts		529,308	208,255
		1,247,889	902,893
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		442,174	30,482
Surplus before tax		442,174	30,482
Corporation Tax	13	(262)	(2,979)
Surplus for the financial year before dividend		441,912	27,503
Distributions		(39,633)	(11,132)
Surplus for the financial year after dividend		402,279	16,371

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements.

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